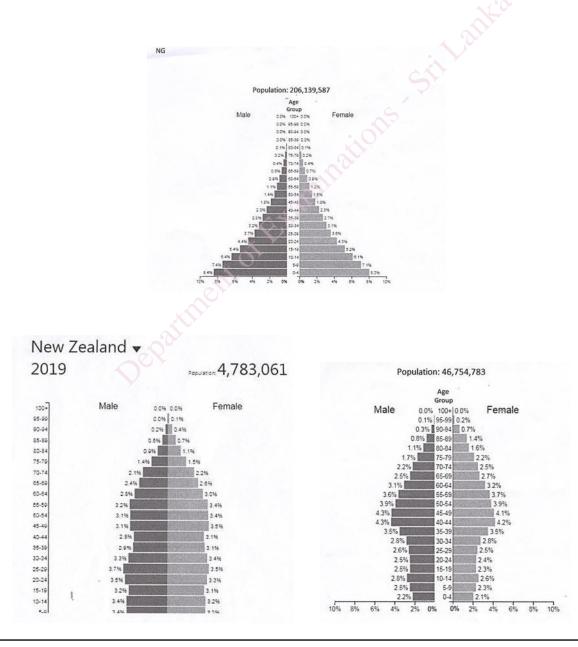


Department of Examinations - Sri Lanka G.C.E. (O/L) Examination 2020

61 - Geography Marking Scheme



This has been prepared for the use of marking examiners. Some changes would be made according to the views presented at the Chief Examiners' meeting.

G.C.E. (O/L) Examination - 2020

61 - Geography

Computation of final marks

Paper I

Question No.01 - 40 (01 X 40)

Marks 40

Paper II

Part I

Question No. 01

Marks 20

Part II

Question No. 02	Marks 10
Question No. 03	Marks 10
Question No. 04	Marks 10
Question No. 05	Marks 10 - 04 Questions 40 marks
Question No. 06	Marks 10
Question No. 07	Marks 10
Question No. 08	Marks 10

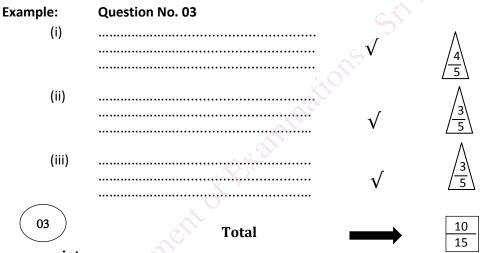
	Final	<u>Marks 100</u>
Paper II		<u>Marks 60</u>
Paper I		Marks 40

G.C.E. (O/L) Examination - 2020

Common techniques of marking answer scripts.

It is compulsory to adhere to the following standard method in marking answer scripts and entering marks into the mark sheets.

- 1. All assistant examiners must use a red colour ball point pen for marking answer scripts.
- 2. Chief Examiner must use a mauve colour pen.
- 3. Note down Examiner's Code Number and initials on the front page of each answer script. The digits must be written clearly when marks are indicated.
- 4. Write off any numerals written wrong with a clear single line and authenticate the alterations with Examiner's signature.
- 5. Write down marks of each subsection of each question in a \triangle as a rational number and write down the final marks of each question as a rational number in a \square . Use the column assigned for examiners to write down marks.
- 6. The arithmetic checker (EMF) must use a a blue or black pen to indicate the checking.



MCQ answer scripts:

- 01. Preparation of Templates
 - (i) Mark the correct options on the template according to the Marking Scheme.
 - (ii) Cut off the marked windows with a blade.
 - (iii) Cut off the cages for Index Number and the number of correct options so as to be able to place the template correctly on the answer script.
 - (iv) Cut off a blank space to the right of each options column to mark right or wrong.
 - (v) Get the approval for the prepared template from the Chief Examiner.
- 02. Then, check the answer scripts carefully. If there are more than one or no answers marked to a certain question write off the options with a line. Sometimes candidates may have erased an option marked previously and selected another option. In such occasions, if the erasure is not clear write off those options too.
- 03. Place the template on the answer script correctly. Mark the right answers with a 'V' and the wrong answers with a 'X'. Write down the number of correct answers inside the cage given under each column. Then, add those numbers and write the number of correct answers in the relevant cage. Write the converted mark in the relevant cage in the occasions where marks have to be converted.

Structured essay type and essay type answer scripts:

- 1. Cross off any pages left blank by candidates. Underline wrong or unsuitable answers and mark them as wrong. Show areas where marks can be offered with check marks.
- 2. Use the right margin of the overland paper to write down the marks.
- 3. Write down the marks given for each question against the question number in the relevant cage on the front page in two digits. Selection of questions should be in accordance with the instructions given in the question paper. Mark all answers and transfer the marks to the front page. Write off answers with lower marks if extra questions have been answered against instructions.
- 4. Add the total carefully and write it in the relevant cage on the front page. Turn pages of answer script and add all the marks given for all answers again. Check whether that total tallies with the total marks written on the front page.

Preparation of Mark Sheets.

- I. Except for the subjects with a single question paper, final marks of papers will not be calculated within the evaluation board.
- II. The Final mark relavant to each paper must be entered to the mark sheets separately.
- III. Enter marks of paper I in "Total Marks" column of the mark sheet and write them in words as well.
- IV. When the mark sheet of paper II is prepared, the final mark should be written in "Total marks" column after entering detailed marks.
- V. For the subject 43 Art, Paper I, paper II and Paper III Marks should be entered numerically in the separate mark sheets and should also be written in words.
- VI. For subjects 21 Sinhala language and literature and 22 Tamil Language and literature, paper I marks once entered numerically should be written in words. Use separate mark sheets for the papers II and III and enter the total marks in the "Total marks column" after entering the relevant detailed marks.

<u>Note</u>

- I. Final marks for paper I, paper II or paper III should always be entered to the mark sheet as a whole number. They should never be kept as decimals or half values.
- II. The examiner who entered marks, the examiner who checked marks, the EMF and the chief examiner must certify the accuracy in all page of the mark sheets with their code numbers and signature.

61 - Geography

Paper - I

Learning outcomes :

- 01. Describes the global distribution of water.
- 02. Names the major climatic types of the earth and their sub types.
- 03. Names the major mountain ranges of the world.
- 04. Presents the major problems associated with the dairy farming in Sri lanka.
- 05. Presents the major problems associated with the fishing industry in Sri Lanka.
- 06. Describes the characteristics of a soil profile.
- 07. Describes the distribution of rocks in the lithosphere.
- 08. Gives small note about the destruction of forests in the world.
- 09. Interprets the maritime territorial boundary of Sri Lanka.
- 10. Defines the peripheral information depicted in the 1:50 000 Topographic maps of Sri Lanka.
- 11. Explains the distribution of plantation crops of Sri lanka. and their economic importence.
- 12. Describes the distraction distribution of minerals that are abundantly used in Sri Lanka.
- 13. Describes the characteristics of the world population with the aid of graphs.
- 14. Clarifies the importance of human resource development.
- 15. Explains the damages caused by the natural hazards in Sri Lanka.
- 16. Identifies the physical and cultural features in a 1:50 000 topographical maps of Sri Lanka.

	9 கிறை ஷூர்சி] முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது]All Rights Reserved]
	இ டூடையே பேர் வாத் தினைக்களாடுன்றைய வில் இ ரைவை இறைப்பிற்று இருக்கு பில் கொண்டு பில் காறு பில் காறு இணைகைப் பரி வாத் தினைக்களாடுன்றைப் பிட்ளத் திணைக்குமை இல்லைப் பிடலாத் திணைக்களம் Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Dcஇலங்கைப் பரியாத்தி இணைக்களம் பிடலாத் தினைக்களம் இ டூடையே எடியிலை வில்லைப் பரியாதில் குண்டுக்கு இ டுடையே காறு குணைக்களம் இ ட இலங்கைப் பரிப்வாத் தினைக்களாடுவங்கைப் Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka staளம் இணைக்களம் இலங்கைப் பரிப்வாத் தினைக்களாடுவங்கைப் Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka staளம் இணைக்களம்
	අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (සාමානා පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020 General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020
	භූගෝල විදසාව I, II புவியியல் I, II Geography I, II
	சாக நகுகி மூன்று மணித்தியாலம் Three hours குகியாலம் குறிக வாசிப்பு நேரம் - 10 நிமிடங்கள் Additional Reading Time - 10 minutes
	Use additional reading time to go through the question paper, select the questions and decide on the questions that you give priority in answering.
	Index No. :
	Geography I
	 * This question paper comprises 40 questions. * Answer all questions on this paper itself in accordance with the instructions given for each question.
	from No. 1 to 5 and write it on the dotted line. Sri Lanka is located on the Indo-Australian geo-techtonic plate.
2.	(Arabian / African / Indo-Australian) Of the total amount of global water $\dots 9.7.5.\%$ is oceanic water. (97.5% / 79% / 71%)
	Of the three horizons of a soil profile, humus soils contain in theA. horizon (A / B / C)
	The Mediterranean climate is a special type of climate that could be identified within theTemperate climatic zone of the World. (Tropical / Temperate / Cold)
	The main mountain range located in South America is known asA.D.des
•	Read each statement from No. 6 to 10 and circle 'C' if it is correct and circle 'W' if it is incorrect
6.	Graphite is a valuable ferrous mineral resource. C/W
7.	Of the soil types in Sri Lanka the Reddish Brown Latezol soil is a soil type endemic to the Wet Zone. $\bigcirc W$
8.	Of the total land area of the World about 65% is sparsely populated areas. $\bigcirc W$
	The local milk production supplies the total amount of milk requirements of Sri Lanka. C/W

	I	- 2 -	
• In question	ns from No. 11 to 19 f	ill the blanks with suitabl	le words.
	USLV.C igneous ro		g off the molten magma that con
12. In the region forests are of		latitudes in the Northern	hemisphere Coniferou
13. The territori	al sea limit of Sri Lank	a is considered as the zone	that extends
nautical mil	les from the coast line.		
14. The mostly	produced and consume	d grain crop of the World	d is Wheat
			gest number of persons in the labo
	•	the Services	
• To answer	the questions from No	. 16 to 19 use the graph	s given below.
Three graph	s, (a), (b) and (c) depict	ing the population by age	e structure of three countries of
World in the	e year 2019 are given	below.	
	8	®	©
100+ 95-99 95-99	0.0% 0.0% Female 1007 0.0% 0.0% 95-99	0.1% 0.2%	male 1007 95-99 Male 0.0% 0.0% Fema
90-94 85-89 80-84	0.0% 0.0% 90-94 0.0% 0.0% 85-89 0.1% 0.1% 80-84	0.3% 0.7% 0.8% 1.4% 1.1% 1.6%	90-94 0.2% 🖉 0.4% 85-89 0.5% 👹 0.7% 80-84 0.9% 👹 1.1%
75-79	0.2% 0.2% 75-79	1.7%	75-79 1.4% 1.5% 70-74 2.1% 2.2%
65-69 60-64	0.6% 0.7% 65-69 0.8% 0.9% 60-64	2.4% 2.5% 3.1%	65-69 2.4% 2.6% 2.6% 3.0%
55 59	1.1% 55-59 1.4% 1.4% 50-54	3.5% 3.6%	55-59 32% 3.4% 50-54 3.1% 3.4%
45-49 1.1 40-44 2.39	.8% 1.8% 45-49 % 2.3% 40-44	4.2% 4.1% 4.1% 4.3%	45-49 31% 3.5% 40-44 2.8% 31%
	2.7% 35-39 3.1% 30-34	3.7% 3.7%	35-39 2.9% 3.1% 30-34 3.3% 3.4%
25-29 3.7% 20-24 4.4%	3.6% 25-29 4.3% 20-24	26% 2.5% 2.5% 2.4%	25-29 3.7% 3.5% 20-24 3.5% 3.3%
15-19 5.4%	5.2% 15-19 6.1% 10-14	2.4% 2.3% 2.7% 2.6%	15-19 3.2% 3.1% 10-14 3.4% 3.2%
5-9 7.4%	7.1% 5-9	2.6% 2.4%	5-9 3.4%
10% 8% 6% 4%	2% 0% 2% 4% 6% 8% 14	1% 8% 6% 4% 2% 0% 2% 4% 69	0-4 3.2% 3.2% 3.1% 10% 8% 6% 4% 2% 0% 2% 4% 6%
source - https:/	//www.populationpyramid.r	<u>et/</u>	
16 What is the	e letter that indicates the	country with a high child	d-dependency value?A
io. what is the		country with a high child	
	a latter that indicates (
17. What is the		he country that an ongoi	ing depopulation could be observe
B	3		
B 18. What is the	3		ost stable level of population grow
18. What is the	E letter that indicates the	e country showing an almo	ost stable level of population grow
18. What is the	E letter that indicates the	e country showing an almo	
18. What is the	E letter that indicates the	e country showing an almo	ost stable level of population grow
18. What is the C. 19. What is the A.	B e letter that indicates the e letter that indicates th	e country showing an almo	ost stable level of population grow
B What is the	e letter that indicates the e letter that indicates the e letter that indicates the ons from No. 20 to 24,	e country showing an almo e country where a low le two columns are shown	ost stable level of population grow evel of life expectancy is discernib as ' A ' and ' B '. On the dotted l
18. What is the C 19. What is the A In question write the	e letter that indicates the e letter that indicates the ons from No. 20 to 24, number of the answe	e country showing an almo e country where a low le two columns are shown r that shows the correct o	ost stable level of population grow evel of life expectancy is discernib as 'A' and 'B'. On the dotted I order when the information given
 18. What is the C	e letter that indicates the e letter that indicates the ons from No. 20 to 24, number of the answe A' is matched with the	e country showing an almost e country where a low le two columns are shown r that shows the correct of information given in col	ost stable level of population grow evel of life expectancy is discernib as 'A' and 'B'. On the dotted I order when the information given
 18. What is the C	 e letter that indicates the e letter that indicates the e letter that indicates the ons from No. 20 to 24, number of the answe A' is matched with the 'A' 	e country showing an almost e country where a low le two columns are shown r that shows the correct of information given in col 'B'	ost stable level of population grow evel of life expectancy is discernib as 'A' and 'B'. On the dotted I order when the information given umn 'B'.
 18. What is the C	 B e letter that indicates the second seco	e country showing an almo e country where a low le two columns are shown r that shows the correct o information given in col 'B' Districts i	ost stable level of population grow evel of life expectancy is discernib as 'A' and 'B'. On the dotted I order when the information given
 18. What is the C	e letter that indicates the e letter that indicates the ons from No. 20 to 24, number of the answe A' is matched with the 'A' Crop Tea	e country showing an almo e country where a low le two columns are shown r that shows the correct of information given in col 'B' Districts i A - Kalutara	ost stable level of population grow evel of life expectancy is discernib as 'A' and 'B'. On the dotted I order when the information given humn 'B'.
 18. What is the C	 B e letter that indicates the second seco	e country showing an almo e country where a low le two columns are shown r that shows the correct o information given in col 'B' Districts i	ost stable level of population grow evel of life expectancy is discernib as 'A' and 'B'. On the dotted I order when the information given humn 'B'.
 18. What is the C. 19. What is the A. In question write the column 'A 20. 	e letter that indicates the e letter that indicates the ons from No. 20 to 24, number of the answe A' is matched with the 'A' Crop Tea	e country showing an almo e country where a low le two columns are shown r that shows the correct of information given in col 'B' Districts i A - Kalutara	ost stable level of population grow evel of life expectancy is discernib as 'A' and 'B'. On the dotted I order when the information given humn 'B'.
 18. What is the C. 19. What is the A. In question write the column 'A 20. 	 e letter that indicates the e letter that indicates the e letter that indicates the ons from No. 20 to 24, number of the answe A' is matched with the 'A' Crop Tea Rubber 	e country showing an almo e country where a low le two columns are shown r that shows the correct of information given in col 'B' Districts i A - Kalutara B - Hambantot	ost stable level of population grow evel of life expectancy is discernib as 'A' and 'B'. On the dotted I order when the information given lumn 'B'. mportant for cultivation

Isaa naga thraa

21.			'A'				'B'			
21.		Locat		ated to f	isheries	្រា	Fisheries activ	vities		
			Myliddy				isheries Traini			
			Peliyage	5 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C	- 1		Aain wholesale			
		3.	Kalpitiy	a		-		ur unloading fish		
								and prawn culture		
	(1)	А, В,	С	(2) B	DC		C, B, A	- which is a second state of the	(1
_	(-)	, 2,		(2) 2	, D, C	(5)	С, В, А	(+) C, D , D	(
22.			'A'	ь т		De la	'B'			
		1		heric La	iyers		Specific chara			
			Troposp				Dzone layer is			
			Stratosp					8km - 12km from		
		5.	Mesosp	here				ature in the atmosp		here
	(1)		-					er with highest ten	A PARTY OF CONDITION CONTROL	2
	(1)	Α, Β,	C	(2) B	, A, C	(3)	B, C, D	(4) C, B, D	(÷
23.			'A'				'B'			
			Minera	l type		Area	as distributed			
		1.	Silica s	and		A - N	Vilaveli			
		2.	Ilmenite	•		B - H	Balangoda			
		3.	Zircone			C - N	Marawila			
						D - H	Eppawala 📿			
	(1)	Α, Β,	С	(2) B	, D, C	(3)	C, A, B	(4) D, A, B	(3	3
24.			'A'							
24.		Colou		to show	cultural	C	'B' ultural featur	99		
				etric ma			attarar reatur	65		
		1.	Yellow	colour		A - F	Railways			
		2.	Red col	our			Iome Gardens			
		3.	Black c	olour		C - S				
						D - I	rrigation canal			
	(1)	А, В,	С	(2) B	, C, A [·]		B, C, D	(4) D, B, A	(2	<u>.</u>
•	For the	each four a	question	from No	o. 25 to 36 1 write its	6, selec	t the correct	or most appropri ted line provided	iate answer	
25 1									-	
23. I	infor	mation	relevent	to when	t cultivation	o E be	low select the	e answer which co	ontains only	tw
	mon									
					e and large			.11. C		
					at a large		ganized as sm	all farms		
							season and	chernozem soils		
					lluvial soils		season and v	chemozeni sons		
	(1)	A and			and D		B and C	(4) D and E	(2	>
26. (Of v	arious	lightenin	g types i	the one that	t directl	y affects the	community is		
	(1)	Earth	lightenin	g.		(2)	Air lightening		С II 8	
	(3)	Cloud	lightenin	ng.			Cyclonic light		(]	
27. 1	The	pair of	maior	cotton ar	wing court		the world is	275.a 		
			and Ind		owing count			with Kame		
1							Egypt and So		. 1	
	(0)	Japan	and Uga	ulud.		(4)	Pakistan and	Australia.	. (<i>I</i> .	
28. 7	The :	specific	name g	given to	the cyclonic	winds	that emerge i	in the Northern Atl	antic ocean	is
			Willys.		urricane.		Typhoon.	(4) Baguio.	(2	
20 1	The j	photosy	nthesis	process w	hich is esse	ential fo	or the existence	e of mankind occur	s in the	
				10°2						
	(1)	Tropos	sphere.	(2) Li	thosphere.	(3)	Stratophere.	(4) Biosphere.	6.4	L

30.	Select the answer wh	hich contains two	metamor	ohic rock	cs only.		
	(1) Diamonds, Mar				nes, Coal		,
	(3) Graphite, Gyps	intervent in the second s		Diamono			(<i>]</i>)
31.	The economic activit of COVID-19 pander					d due to the spr	ead
	(1) Food production	n.	(2)	Garment	industry.		/
	(3) Export of manu	ufactured products	s. (4)	Tourism	industry.		(4)
32.	What is the true stat(1) A largest amout(2) Use of technolog(3) Although fisher industry.	ogical methods is ies products are e	ght from t at a high exported th	he deep level. e countr	sea. y is not at s	elf-sufficient leve	
	(4) The monopoly	of the coastal fis	sheries ind	ustry is	owned by the	ne multi-national	-
							(3)
33.	The most productive if(1) development of(2) development of	f favourable attitu f physical and me	ides. ental skills		p human reso	ources of a countr	y is
	(3) improvement of						(2)
	(4) provision of en A major factor that	10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0					(
	 mixing of petro disposal of pla decrease in the irregular dispose 	stic waste into the percentage of fe	ne ocean. orests due	to huma	in activities.		(4)
35.	The fish varieties such	ch as Grass carp.	Silver car	p. Catla	and Gurami	are caught from	the
55.	(1) deep sea.	en us cruss eurp,			shallow sea.	-	uit
	(3) fresh water res	ervoirs.				voirs like lagoor	IS. (3)
36.	The water deposited						
30.	(1) surface water.					permeable wate	r. (2)
•	Study carefully the the questions from		nnected to	pics show	wn by letter	s A, B, C and D	and answe
	A -1. Burning of	fossil fuel	В -	1. Mig	ration -	for site of	
	2. Renewable	energy		2. Popu	ulation		
	C - 1. Land utilization		D -		oal warming		
	2. Soil erosior			2. Suns		ورواري محرجا الم	a da bara
37.	What is the pair of effects of the first?	f topics which in	dicates the	at the se	cond would	act to minimize	
	(1) A	(2) B	(3)	С	(4)	D	(l
38.	What is the pair of	topics that indic	ates the se	cond wo	ould cause a	n increase in the	first?
	(1) A	(2) B	(3)	С	- (4)	D	(
	What is the pair of t in the second?	topics that indicat	es the first	would r	results in an	increase as well	as a decrease
39.	and the boother			0	(1)	B - 18 8 10	12
39.	(1) A	(2) B	(3)	C	(4)	D	(
07	(1) A What is the pair of	(2) B	(3)			D t is a reason for	(<u>2.</u>

61 - Geography

Paper - II

Learning outcomes :

1. • Identifies the physical and cultural features in 1:50 000 topographical map of Sri Lanka and presents it.

• Marks and names the places of geographical importance on an outline map of the world.

• Mark and name the places of geographical importance on an outline map of Sri Lanka.

- Describes the structure of the lithosphere with the aid of a diagram.
 - Explains the special characteristics of each of the layers of the lithosphere.

• Introduces the human activities which make unfavorable impacts on the lithosphere.

- Names the major agricultural land use types of the world.
 - Explains the problems associated with the coconut cultivation in Sri Lanka.

• Explain why the development of coconut industry is important in the economy of Sri Lanka.

- **4.** Identifies specific areas of Sri Lanka linked to the cultivation of vegetables and fruits.
 - Explains the problems associated with vegetable cultivation in Sri Lanka.

• Describes the ways and means to increase the contribution to the national income by promoting fruit products.

- Classifies the power and energy factor that influence the location of industries.
 - Explains recent trends associated with iron and steel industry.
 - Describes the problems faced by the cottage industrialists in Sri Lanka.

• Introduces suggestions in minimizing the problems faced by the cottage industrialists in Sri Lanka.

- Names exhaustible natural resources of the world.
 - Explains the problems resulting from the utilization of soils in Sri Lanka.
 - Explains the problems related to utilization of minerals in Sri Lanka.
 - Explains the strategies that could be adopted in solving the problems related to utilization of minerals in Sri Lanka.
- Name the areas mostly attracted by droughts in the world.
 - \bullet Describes the problems created by the occurrence of droughts. \heartsuit
 - Explains measures that could be taken to minimize the landslides disaster in Sri Lanka.
- **8.** Categorizes the causes that have contributed to the increase in global temperature.
 - Explains unfavorable environmental impacts occurred due to the increase in global temperature.
 - Reviews and presents the strategies to be applied in minimizing the increase in global temperature.

000	ை பிலை எடிபர்கைகள்மு இருவை பிலகு அவன்றில் இருக்கும் மேற்று இருவில் என்று இருவில் கடிபர்களின் இருவை கைப் பரிட்சைத் தினைக்களம்இலங்கைப் பிடல்கத் தினைக்களம் இன்றைப் பரிடல்த் தினைக்கத் Artment of Examinations, Sri Lanka De இலங்கைப் பரிடலைத் Sgகினைக்களம் of the second sec
8	பலை பிடிவாக குடியார்களுக்களாகு காற்ற குடியார்களுக்கு குடியான குடியான குடியான குடியான குடியான குடியான குடியான கு காகப் பரிட்சைத் தினைக்களாகுவங்கைக் Department of Examinations , Still களுக்களாக இலங்கைப் பரடன் தத் தன்னக்களாக
	අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (සාමානා පෙළ) විභාගය, 2020 கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2020 General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020
	භූගෝල විදතාව I, II புவியியல் I, II Geography I, II
	Geography II
* The	paper consists of two parts - I and II. question in Part I is compulsory. All three parts of it, namely (a), (b) and (c) should nswered. • questions from Part II should be answered.
	total number of questions to be answered is five.
	Part I
	udy the $1:50000$ topographic map section provided and answer the questions based on that answering use the paper provided to you (page no. 8).
1	r questions from No (i) to (iv) select the appropriate answer from the parentheses and write it.
	 What is shown by letter (A)? (Mangrove / Coast protection ridges / Sand bank) (01 mark)
) What is the feature shown by letter ^(B) ? (Shrubs / Marsh / Grassland) (01 mark)
(What is the pink coloured area shown by letter ©? (built-up area / tourism zone / protected area) (01 mark)
(What is shown by letter ^(D)? (territorial sea boundary / continental shelf boundary / Bathymetrical line) (01 mark)
) What is the administrative boundary shown by letter
() Name two institutions that provide public services in the enclosed area shown by letter \mathbb{P} . (02 marks)
,	ree statements about the map area are given below. Read each one of the statements and ite down C / \checkmark if it is correct and W / \varkappa if it is incorrect in front of the relevant question mber given in the answer sheet.
(*	i) The main commercial crop in the map area is coconut. (01 mark)
(v) Chena cultivation is widely distributed around the main river of the map area. (01 mark)
	t) The paddy cultivation in the area is practised with the help of rain water. (01 mark)
	arefully study the world map provided to you and answer the questions given below. answering, use the column of boxes adjacent to the map. (page, No. 9).
	hree English Letters are given in front of each question from (i) to (v). Select the letter at indicates the correct answer from the world map and write it in the adjacent box.
	 California peninsula - (1), (3), (3) Turkey, a country that faced massive damages due to an earthquake occurred recently - (3), (0), (9)
))	a) Andaman islands, where a port is proposed to be constructed by India to re-ship the commodities in future - (R, (S), (T))
() Pampass grasslands - (8), (10), (10)
) City of Sydney - B, C, D (05 marks)

- (c) Carefully study the map of Sri Lanka provided to you and answer the questions given below. In answering, use the column located adjacent to the map of Sri Lanka. (Page No. 9) Three English letters are given in front of each question from No. (i) to (v). Select the letter that indicates the correct answer for each question from the map and write it in the adjacent box.
 - (i) Recently developed Palali Airport G, B, J
 - (ii) Anavilundawa Sanctuary which has caught attention of the environmentalists (A), (B), (C)
 - (iii) Biyagama Export Processing Zone D, E, F
 - (iv) Sangamankanda point O, P, R
 - (v) Recently constructed Moragahakanda Reservoir &, D, M

(05 marks)

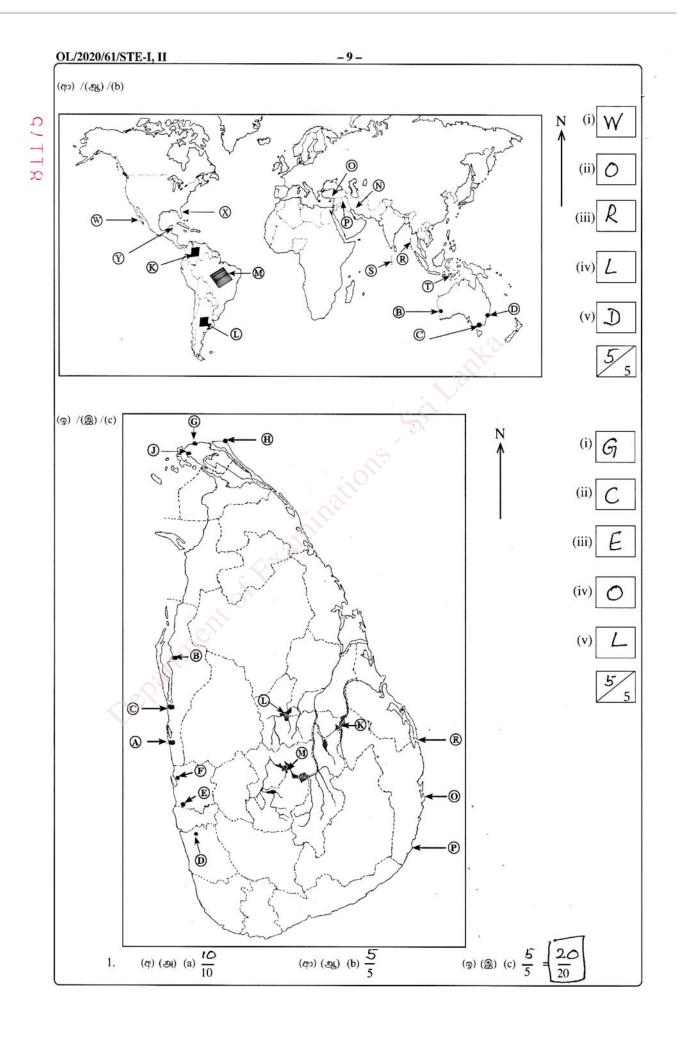




61 - Geography - Marking Scheme I G.C.E.(O/L) Examination 2020 I Amendments should be included.

-8-OL/2020/61/STE-I, II 🖁 ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව/இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம்/Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka අධ්පයන පොදු සහතික පතු (සාමානප පෙළ) විභාගය 2020 විභාග අංකය 2020 சுட்டெண் கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (சாதாரண தர)ப் பரீட்சை, Index Number General Certificate of Education (Ord. Level) Examination, 2020 -පරීක්ෂකවරයාගේ පුයෝජනය පිණිසයි. II භූගෝල විදහාව (61) பரீட்சகரின் Π புவியியல் உபபோகத்திற்கு மட்டும் II Geography For Examiner's Use Only (අ) /(அ) /(a) 1. (i) Sandbank 1 (ii) Marsh (iii) Built up area (iv) Bothymetical line (v) -AGA Division/D.S. Division (vi) Rest House / Police Station Hospital (Naming two) c V (vii) cV (viii)) WX (ix) 10 10

[නවවැනි පිටුව බලන්න/பக். 9 සුப் பார்க்க/See page nine



A - Crust

B - Upper Mantle

C - Lower Mantle

D - Outer Core

E -Inner

Core

- 2. A cross section of the Earth's structure is shown in the figure.
 - (i) (a) Write the name of the discontinuity shown as the boundary between A and B strata indicated by No. ①.
 and
 - (b) the name of the discontinuity shown as the boundary between C and D strata indicated

by No. ⁽²⁾, respectively.

- (02 marks)
- (ii) State three specific characteristics found associated with the structure of A strata. (03 marks)
- (iii) Name three human activities that exert various impacts on the lithosphere and describe the impacts of one of them.

(05 marks)

- (i) (a) Mohorovicic
 - (b) Gutenberg

(i) (a) 1 + (b)1 = 2 marks

- (ii) It belongs to the lithosphere.
 - It consists around 1% of the total land mass of the earth.
 - The thickness of the crust is not uniform.

If extends with a thickness of 5 km in depth in the oceans and 60 km in the continents.

- It consists of rocks
- It contains various useful types of minerals.
- The uppermost thin Layer of the crust consists of soil and it is continuously developed through the processes in the bio environment. This thin soil Layer is important for agricultural activities.
- The crust is divided in to two parts according to its location, structure and the density of rocks:
 - Continental Crust and
 - Oceanic crust
- The continental crust consists of granitic rocks.

This part is called the "Sial" layer as it is primarily composed of Silica (Si) and Aluminum (Al)

• The oceanic crust consists of basaltic rocks.

This layer is called "Sima" layer as it consists of Silica (Si) Magnesium (Mg)

• The Simag is the basic rock layer on which the Sial layer lies.

for mentioning three characteristics

(ii) 1 X 3 = 3 marks

 (iii) The occurrence of Land degradation due to the excavation of Land to obtain mineral resources.

• Intensification of soil erosion as a result of exposure of Land due to clearing of forests.

- Obstruction to the soil formation process.
- Changes in the ground water level.
- Damage to certain Layers of the lithosphere as a result of disposal of domestic and industrial waste.

• Disturbance in the equilibrium of the lithosphere due to construction of large reservoirs and storied buildings.

Naming three activities - 03 marks

for description of one activity - 02 marks

Total - 05 marks

3. (i) Name the two major sectors of the World agricultural landuse. (02 marks)

- (ii) State three problems emerged at present in coconut cultivation practiced under the plantation agriculture in Sri Lanka. (03 marks)
- (iii) Explain with examples why the development of coconut industry is important in order to strengthen the economy of Sri Lanka. (05 marks)
- (i) (01) Subsistence Agriculture
 - (02) Commercial Agriculture

(i) 1 + 1 = 2 marks

- (ii) Fragmentation of Lands.
 - Using coconut Lands for other purposes Land being blocked out in small plots.
 - Lands being used for construction of houses and for other development purposes due to the rapid increase of population.

• Lower harvest due to cultivation of crops in the same land for a long period of time.

• Difficulty in obtaining credit facilities as there are problems in the ownership of Land.

- Increase in local consumption resulted in imitating exports.
- Facing epidemics and diseases caused by insects. (diseases by Beetles, Mita attack)
- Destruction of crops due to severe droughts
- Management Problems.
- Lower use of fertilizers.

(ii) Naming three Problems = 1 X 3 = 03 marks

(iii) • Ability to earn more foreign and local income.

• Higher possibility of diversification of products when compared with other commercial crops.

• Source of suppling raw materials for many industries.(food/ beverages/ decorations/ furniture/ ornaments/ animal food etc....

- Every part of the tree is used in preparation of many products. (Coir/ coir refuse/ husk/ eacle/ coconut shell/ kernel/ young coconut/ king coconut/ oil/ milk/ milk powder/ toddy/ vinegar/ treacle/ desiccated coconut/ roofing material (raters/ beams/ thatch)
- New employment opportunities

• Ability of starting number of coconut based industries with a small amount of capital investment.

- No need of heavy machinery, sometimes hand operated machines and also light electrical machinery are used.
- Little space is enough for location of some industries.

• 28% of cultivated land is under coconut cultivation. Coconut is grown in home gardens in almost every part of Sri Lanka - a great advantage to the economy of Sri Lanka.

mentioning three facts = - 03 marks

explanation with examples - 02 marks

05 marks

- 4. (i) State two sources of energy that belong to the energy factor impacting on the location of industries. (02 marks)
 - (ii) Write down three trends associated with the World Iron and Steel production Industry. (03 marks)
 - (iii) (a) State three problems encountered by the cottage industrialists in Sri Lanka in relation to their industry. (03 marks)
 - (b) Suggest **two** measures that could be taken to solve the problems that you have mentioned in (iii) (a).

(02 *marks*)

- (i) coal petroleum oil hydro power nuclear power
 - solar energy.....

Naming two - 02 marks

Producing iron and steel of special qualities (durability, capacity to bear weight, flexibility, ability to withstand shocks)

- Ability to improve quality by mixing with other metals (Aluminum, Copper)
- Ability to recycle after discarding (old iron, Scrap iron)

• Production activities have become modernized (ex . electric furnace could be used instead of coal for smelting iron ore)

• Some countries which were in the fore front in production of iron and steel in the past have gradually receded from the market.

- As there is an increase in demand for steel from east Asian countries, a new market has been created (ex . China, South Korea)
- Certain countries which export steel in international trade also import steel concurrently. (ex. China and South Korea)

• Industries which were located in areas where the raw materials were found show a tendency to be located in areas where the factors such as capital and markets are available.

naming three trends = 1x3 = 03 marks

- (iii) (a) Problem of obtaining industrial raw material
 - Shortage of labour to maintain traditional cottage industries
 - Lack of skilled labour
 - Effects of imported substitution and products on these crafts
 - Rising costs of production and lack of capital investment
 - Marketing problems
 - Problems about techniques of production
 - Lack of traditional knowledge

naming three problems = 1x3 = 03 marks

- (b) Training labour for cottage industries by the government
 - Make concessions to obtain raw material (ex. clay/ cane/ brass)
 - Relaxing of rules and regulations those are hindrance in obtaining raw material
 - Immense patronage is given by the central government, as well as at local and divisional levels to up lift these industries.
 - Implementation of the Divinaguma development programme
 - Establishment of craft villages
 - Handicraft development programme
 - Encouraging producers by holding exhibitions
 - Setting up markets under state patronage (Local and foreign)
 - Increasing use of new machinery along with human labour
 - Providing loan facilities
 - Awareness programmes
 - Creating separate ministries

for two = 02 marks (b) 03 marks 05 marks

(02 marks)

- 5. (i) Of the vegetable varieties cultivated in Sri Lanka, name
 - (a) a vegetable variety widely cultivated in the highland zone
 - (b) a vegetable variety widely cultivated in the Dry Zone
 - (ii) State three problems faced by the vegetable farmers in Sri Lanka. (03 marks)
 - (iii) (a) Name two fruit varieties cultivated in Sri Lanka at Commercial level. (02 marks)
 - (b) Suggest two measures that should be taken to increase the contribution of fruits production to the national economy of Sri Lanka and provide a brief description about one of them. (03 marks)
 - (i) (a)
- Leeks Cabbage beans carrot potatoes beetroot knolkhol ..
- (b) Drumsticks Lonbeans tomato bringals kakiri bitter gourd
 - pumpkins cucumber

naming one

(a) 1 + (b) 1 = 02 marks

- (ii) (a) Insufficient storage facilities and cold storage facilities
 - Insufficient transport facilities (Wastage transport)
 - Due to the use of seed which does not conform to standards, production falls short of market demands
 - Insufficient purchasing centers.
 - Existence of non stable price in local markets
 - The income of farmers has decreased because of middle men
 - Facing epidemics and diseases caused by insects (ex by mealy bags)
 - Destruction of crops due to floods, drought, heavy rain and landslides.
 - High cost of production.
 - Price increase Seeds
 - Application of fertilizers production cost increasing

naming three problems = 1x3 = 03 marks

- (iii) (a) bananas Pineapples Mangoes Passion Fruit graps papans
 - Avocado, Oranges Dragan Fruit rambutan guava.

(a) naming two = 1+1 = 02 marks

- (b) Increase the storage facilities and cold storage facilities.
 - Steps should be taken to regularize the transport system in order prevent the damages and wastage of fruits.
 - Diversification of products
 - Implementing awareness programmes for fruit cultivators
 - about new methods of farming
 - about new techniques of production
 - advisory Service
 - Precision of subsidies to increase production
 - Government patronage for fruit productions
 - provision of export tax concessions
 - expansion of market service
 - provision of subsidies for fertilizer.
 - establishing export villages.

(a) naming two fruit varieties = 02 mark

(b) for two measures = 02 mark

brief description about one = 01 mark

05 marks

6.	(i)	Name two depleting natural resources of the world.	(02 marks)
	(ii)	State three problems associated with the utilization of soil resources in Sri Lanka.	(03 marks)
	(iii)	(a) State two damages caused to environment in the utilization of mineral resources in Sri Lanka.	(02 marks)
		(b) Describe one measure that could be taken to prevent the damages you have mentioned in (iii) (a).	(03 marks)
(i)	• Fossil fuel • Forests • Fertile soil • Metal minerals • Iron ore - coper • g	gold
		• Drumsticks • Non metal minerals - Coal • Gems • Silica • Rocks	

Naming two = 1+1 = 02 marks

- (ii) Severe soil erosion
 - Salinity of soil
 - Reduction of the capacity to retain water in soil
 - Reduction of fertility due to over exposure of land
 - Land degradation due to chemical fertilizers, pesticides and weedicides
 - Occurrence of material disasters such as floods and Landslides.

- Effect on the ground water aquafers
- Soil organisms get destroyed

Naming three = 1+3 = 03 marks

- (ii) (a) Environment pollution due to technical methods used in mining mineral resources.
 - Sand mining in river valleys would cause erosion of river banks floods, destruction of cultivations due to flow of Salinized water to the interior of the country.
 - Pits are created due to mining and earth slips and landslides may occur too.
 - Unused pits filled with water for a long time become breeding grounds for mosquitos and bacteria.
 - Floods occur due to deposition of sediments in rivers.
 - Mining can be harmful to tree and plants in the environment.
 - Destruction of cultivated lands.
 - Water, land, and air pollution.
 - Destruction of aquatic organisms and soil organisms.
 - Nature beauty.

Naming two damages 1 x 2 = 02 marks

- (b) Issuing of licenses to regularise mineral mining.
 - Minimizing wastage when mining.
 - Taking the maximum use of the resources, available.
 - Regularizing laws for mining and transportation of minerals
 - Taking steps to prevent unused pits becoming breading grounds for mosquitos and bacteria.
 - Imposing efficiency in technology.

description of one measure = 03 marks (a) 2 + (b) 03 = 05 marks

- 7. (i) Name two areas of the World where the drought disaster could be widely seen. (02 marks)
 - (ii) State,
 - (a) an impact on the physical environment,
 - (b) two impacts on social environment occurred due to the drought disaster. (03 marks)
 - (iii) State three measures that could be taken to minimize the landslide disaster in Sri Lanka and explain one of them.
 (05 marks)
- (i)
- Central African Sahel zone.
 - Midwest zone in North America.
 - Central Australia.
 - The areas of Hyderabad, Gujarat and Maharashtra in India.
 - North western part of china.

Naming two areas 1 x 2 = 02 marks

(ii) (a) • Infertility of soil

- Destruction in the bio diversity.
- Damage to vegetation cover.
- Destruction of natural beauty.
- forest fire
- Desertification

Naming one = 01 mark

- Presence of a severe water scarcity.
 - Destruction of farm lands.
 - Obstruction to hydro power generation.
 - Humans and animals suffer starvation and diseases.

Naming two 1 x 2 = 02 marks (a) 1 + (b) 2 = 03 marks

(iii)

(b)

- Protection of the vegetation covers on lands with slope.
- Not obstructing the natural drainage pattern.
- Following scientific instructions when using lands with slopes.
- Not building reservoirs in elevated areas.
- Not constructing buildings in the lands with steep slopes.
- Tatting steps to protect the stability of the land areas with slopes (retaining walls, drains and forestation)
- Community awareness programmers.

three measures 1 x 3	= 03 marks
explaining of one	= 02 marks
Total	= 05 marks

- 8. (i) State,
 - (a) a human activity
 (b) a natural cause
 that contribute to the increase in global temperature. (02 marks)
 - (ii) State three unfavourable environmental impacts occurred due to the increase in global temperature. (03 marks)
 - (iii) Suggest three measures that could be taken as a citizen to minimize the increase in global temperature and describe one of them. (05 marks)

(i) (a)

(b)

- Burning and over consumption of fossil fuel.
 - Deforestation.
 - Industrialization.
 - Animal husbandry (ruminants).
 - Disposal of solid waste.
 - Setting fire.
 - Nuclear experiments.

Naming one = 01 mark

(a) 1 + (b) 1 = 02 mark

- Eruption of volcanoes.
 - Bush fires.
 - Natural marsh lands.
 - Changes in the atmosphere.
 - Sun spots.

Naming one = 01 mark (a) 1 + (b) 1 = 02 marks (ii)

(iii)

- Occurrence of climatic changes.
 - Rise in sea level due to melting ice in polar regions.
- Destruction of lagoons and salinization of water.
- Increase of temperature in oceans and destruction of aquatic organisms.
- Occurrence of cyclones due to increase in the temperature on the surface of oceans.
- Change of climatic boundary zones.
- Extinction of certain animals and emergence of new species.
- Destruction of animal genes and creations of abnormalities.
- Destruction of crops and decrease of yield.
- Changes in animal breeding zones.
- Pollution of drinking water sources.

Naming three impacts = 1x3 = 03 marks

- Less consumption of energy sources that emit greenhouse gasses.
 - Motivation to use energy sources such as wind and solar power.
 - Using organic manure for crop cultivation instead of chemical fertilizers.
 - Management of solid waste materials.
 - Expansion of afforestation (tree planting programmes)
 - Using common transportation facilities.
 - Introduction of mixed crops and multy crops.
 - Assisting public awareness programmes.

Naming three meas	sures = 1x	x3 = 03 marks
description one		= 02 marks
	Total	= 05 marks